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Artykuł został zdigitalizowany i opracowany do udostępnienia w internecie przez Muzeum Historii Polski w ramach prac podejmowanych na rzecz zapewnienia otwartego, powszechnego i trwałego dostępu do polskiego dorobku naukowego i kulturalnego. Artykuł jest umieszczony w kolekcji cyfrowej bazhum.muzhp.pl, gromadzącej zawartość polskich czasopism humanistycznych i społecznych.

Tekst jest udostępniony do wykorzystania w ramach dozwolonego użytku.
changed however, by the mingling of Europe and Asia in the Hellenistic period. For the jurists the pages dealing with the political and administrative organization of Ptolemaic (41—53), Roman (65—86) and Byzantine Egypt (120 ff) will be the most interesting ones. The bibliography added after the notes will be very useful not only to the non-specialist reader.


The second volume consists of two parts, devoted to constitutional and administrative law.

The first part — the constitutional law — consists of four chapters: I The Ptolemaic monarchy and the Roman empire; II The autonomous cities and the χώρα; III Citizens and non citizens; IV The foundamental rights and duties of citizens and non citizens.

The second part — administrative law — consists also of four chapters: I Control of individuals and their material and intellectual interests (regulations concerning birth notifications, names, buildings, alimentation, sanitation, education, passports, death notifications); II Control of corporate bodies (regulations concerning temples and priests, and associations); III Control of economics (A. Primary production: agriculture, trees and bushes, hunting, fishing, salt; B. Industry and trade: oil industry, beer industry, ointments, textiles, papyrus-production; C. Currency and banking; D. Shipping and postal service); IV Administrative proceedings and execution.


This book deals in 15 chapters with the following subjects. § 1 The constitutional bases of the development of the Law; § 2 The knowledge of the sources of the Law; § 3 The organization of the courts; § 4 The principles of the procedure; § 5 The parties in the procedure; § 6 The course of the proceedings; § 7 The legal force of the sentences and their execution; § 8 Persons; § 9 Things; § 10 Legal transactions; § 11 Legal transactions connected with the execution of goods; § 12 Monetary transactions; § 13 Other kinds of obligations; § 14 Law governing domestic affairs; § 15 Retrospects and prospects. An index of sources completes the book. Although intended for students the book it of high advantage for scholars too.