## Rafał Taubenschlag

"Papiri greci e latini vol. XIII, fasc. 1, no 1296-1314", Medea Norsa, Firenze 1949 : [recenzja]

The Journal of Juristic Papyrology 3, 176

1949

Artykuł został zdigitalizowany i opracowany do udostępnienia w internecie przez Muzeum Historii Polski w ramach prac podejmowanych na rzecz zapewnienia otwartego, powszechnego i trwałego dostępu do polskiego dorobku naukowego i kulturalnego. Artykuł jest umieszczony w kolekcji cyfrowej bazhum.muzhp.pl, gromadzącej zawartość polskich czasopism humanistycznych i społecznych.

Tekst jest udostępniony do wykorzystania w ramach dozwolonego użytku.



(cf. my Law I 218) with  $\pi\alpha\rho\alpha\mu\nu\nu\dot{\eta}$ . N° 106 (51 or 65 A.D.) is a loan. N° 107 (VI cent. A.D.) is a promissory note (cf. my Law I 2576). N° 108 (VI cent. A.D.) is a lease of a mill and a bakery. The duration of the lease depends on the will of the owner of the mill and the bakery. N° 109 (131 B.C.) is a letter of an subaltern. N° 110 (III cent. A.D.) is an order to supply food. N° 111–115 (III cent. A.D.) belongs to the correspondence of Heroninos. N° 116–118 (III cent. A.D.) are private letters. N° 120–143 are ostraca. N° 120–132 of the II cent. B.C. respectively of the I and III cent. A.D. are receipts of banks, N° 132–137 (Ptol. Rom.) are receipts of taxes, N° 138–143 (Ptol. Rom.) are receipts given by the officials of a public granary.

MEDEA NORSA, Papiri greci e latini vol. XIII fasc. 1 N° 1296---1314 (Pubblicazioni della Società Italiana, Firenze 1949).

In this collection N° 1296-1306 are literary papyri, N° 1307-1308 (III cent. A.D.) papyri of military character, and only 1309-·1314 are of legal interest. N° 1309 (V/VI) is a record of proceedings before the praeses provinciae Arcadiae, both in Latin and Greek (cf. the editor's notes on p. 110). The discussion seems to be very animated, many interlocutors intervene but the contents is not clear. N° 1310 (135/4 B. C.) the chremastistae (v. 9 ἀπὸ τῶν ἀπο[τεταγμένων] τη κατ[οικία]) authorize as judices voluntarii a guardian to sell land belonging to his guards on condition that the money from the sale would be used to the profit of the guards and the guardian remain responsible for any irregularity in the administration (v. 40-53). V. 13-17 refer to a decree of the court which ordered that the estate after their late father be registered in the cataster on their name (ἀπογέγραφθαι... εἰς ὄνομα τῶν νέων παίδων... κατὰ σύγκρισιν δικαστῶν),  $N^{\circ}$  1311 (137/6 A.D.) is a fictitious loan (cf. my Law I 298), N° 1312 (II cent. B.C.) is a letter, N° 1313 (II cent. B.C.) a δπόμνημα to an official for σκέπη (cf. Wilcken, Grundz. 323 ff and 275), N° 1314 (I cent. B.C.) a report on episkepsis.

E. P. WEGENER, Some Oxford Papyri (P. Oxford) (Papyrologica Lugduno - Batava vol. III A) Lugduni Batavorum 1942.

The edition contains 19 papyri mostly of legal character. N° 1 (early II cent. B.C.) is a petition addressed probably by a dealer in a monopoly product or perhaps a sumbologúda $\xi$  to a stra-