Taubenschlag, Rafał

"The Last Days of Cleopatra", T. C. Skeat, "Journ. Rom. Stud.", XLIII, 1953 : [recenzja]

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Artykuł został zdigitalizowany i opracowany do udostępnienia w internecie przez Muzeum Historii Polski w ramach prac podejmowanych na rzecz zapewnienia otwartego, powszechnego i trwałego dostępu do polskiego dorobku naukowego i kulturalnego. Artykuł jest umieszczony w kolekcji cyfrowej bazhum.muzhp.pl, gromadzącej zawartość polskich czasopism humanistycznych i społecznych.

Tekst jest udostępniony do wykorzystania w ramach dozwolonego użytku.



The scope and import of the question of the 'ancestral constitution' is here made the subject of a special study. The commonly held view is that each of the three political groups at Athens — the Oligarchs, the Moderates, and the Democrats — propounded its own version of the patrios politeia. But re-examination of the relevant evidence shows that the call for a 'return to the ancestral constitution' and the employment of arguments from the constitutional past in the political controversies of the day was particularly connected with the Moderates. This study of patrios politeia is, consequently, mainly an enquiry about the moderate group in Athenian politics. It involves discussion of several aspects of the moderate thought and propaganda other than patrios politeia, though it does not purport to be a full and systematic exposition of the Theramenean programme.

Chapter One is a study of Kleitophon's Rider and the tradition of Solon and Kleisthenes. Chapter Two is a discussion of the concept of patrios politeia as employed by the Democrats. The use made of the 'ancestral constitution' in 404—3 B.C. is discussed in Chapter Three. The last chapter is a study of the mysterious 'Constitution of Drakon'. This study of party politics four hundred years before Christ is not merely scholastic, but of considerable fascination to all who are interested in the day-to-day politics of our own time.

This book will be also read by papyrologists interested in public law.

T. Skeat, The Reigns of the Ptolemies (Münch. Beitr. z. Papyrus-forschung 39 [1954].

Not seen.

T. C. Skeat, The Last Days of Cleopatra (repr. from Journ. Rom. Stud. XLIII [1953] 98-100).

The author finds out that 17 Mesore is the day of the death of Cleopatra. His theory, if correct, may shad some light of Octavian's policy in Egypt. Octavian could quite legitimately have command his reign on 8 Mesore claiming the throne by right of conquest. Alternatively he could have dated his reign from Cleopatra's death on 17 Mesore. In fact he did neither but waited for the Egyptian New-Year's Day to proclaim his rule. His choice

of this day for the commencement of his reign may have been intended as a demonstration that Egypt was under entirely new menagement—in fact, the inauguration of a new deal. And his unsuccessfull attempt to introduce a new mode of reckoning years, not as regnal years but from era of the καίσαρος κράτησις no doubt reflects the same policy.

W. O. Reinmuth, Praefectus Aegypti (R.E. XXII, 2 Nachträge 2353—2377).

The author gives a review of the functions of the prefect of Egypt and p. 2368 ff. a list of the prefects already known, with dates attested till 1940 and finally a list of the completely or partially preserved edicts of the prefects. The complement of the article beyond the Diocletian period will be given in the following supplement.

P. Bureth, Documents papyrologiques relatifs aux Préfets d'Egypte (Bull. de la Fac. des Lettres de Strasbourg 33 année No. 2, Nov. 1954).

In this article the author gives a list of: 1. the edicts and orders of general importance, 2. the letters, 3. the records, 4. the prefect's signatures on the complaints and the requests. This article is a supplement of the works by Stein, Die Präfekten von Aegypten in römischer Zeit (1950) and by Hübner, Der Praefectus Aegypti von Diocletian bis zum Ende der römischen Herrschaft (1952).

On the whole the author followed the chronological order of the prefects and of the documents.

Victor Burr, Tiberius Iulius Alexander (Antiquitas, 1 Reihe, Abh. z. alten Gesch. Bd. I) Roma 1955.

not seen.

J. Schwartz, Note sur la famille de Philon d'Alexandrie (extr. de l'Annuaire de l'Institut de Philologie et d'Histoire Orient. et Slaves XIII [1953] = Mélanges Isidore Lévy [Bruxelles 1955] 591—602).