

# Rafał Taubenschlag

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"Vostočnyje provincii rimskoj imperii  
v I-III vv.", A. Ranovitch,  
Moskwa-Leningrad 1949 : [recenzja]

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Artykuł został zdigitalizowany i opracowany do udostępnienia w internecie przez Muzeum Historii Polski w ramach prac podejmowanych na rzecz zapewnienia otwartego, powszechnego i trwałego dostępu do polskiego dorobku naukowego i kulturalnego. Artykuł jest umieszczony w kolekcji cyfrowej [bazhum.muzhp.pl](http://bazhum.muzhp.pl), gromadzącej zawartość polskich czasopism humanistycznych i społecznych.

Tekst jest udostępniony do wykorzystania w ramach dozwolonego użytku.

A. RANOVITCH, *Vostočnyje provincii rimskoj imperii v I—III vv.* (Moskwa-Leningrad 1949, Akademia Nauk SSSR.).

In this work, dealing with the Roman provinces, the chapter of Egypt (p. 166—210) is for us the most interesting. The author studies first the political status of Egypt as an imperial province, the legal status of Alexandria and other autonomous cities, further the administrative division of Egypt into epistrategies, nomes, τόποι and κῶμαι. As far as the latter is concerned the author finds out remainders of a system of social organization involving common ownership of land. The author investigates the composition of the population, its different classes, especially the ἀστοί. In connexion with that he examines the influence of the C. A. on the legal status of the population and points out that the C. A. granted citizenship to all inhabitants of Egypt, to inhabitants of towns and villages alike. This edict did not, however, discharge the new population from paying the poll-tax. The last pages contain interesting remarks on agriculture, trade and commerce.

EGON WEISS, *Institutionen des römischen Privatrechts als Einführung in die Privatrechtsordnung der Gegenwart*, (2 Aufl. 1949. Verlag für Recht und Gesellschaft A.G. Basel).

This excellent manual may be mentioned here because of its frequent references to the papyri and to the papyrological literature. Cf p. 48/9 on proxy; p. 54/56 on prescription; p. 63 on σῶμα; p. 65 on legal capacity; p. 69, 70, 80, 82, 83, 85 on slavery and manumission; p. 91, 92, 93, 94, 95 on Roman family; p. 107 on stages of life; p. 109 on legal position of women; p. 114 on guardianship of the mother; p. 112 on guardianship of women; p. 115 on *curatrix*; p. 119 on πρωτοπραξία; p. 120 on the Law of associations; p. 122, 124 on corporate bodies; p. 127 on objects of ownership; p. 131 on *res religiosae*; p. 139 on *possessio*; p. 155 on property; p. 186/7 on *longi temporis praescriptio*; p. 195 on *superficies solo cedit*; p. 202 on the protection of property; p. 212 on the right of redemption; p. 237 on *superficies*; p. 238 on *emphyteusis*; p. 240 on *canon*; p. 247 on hypothec; p. 252 on *pignus Gordianum*; p. 257 on legal hypothec; p. 272 on *beneficium competentiae*; p. 289 on *receptum argentarii*; p. 294 on *culpa*; p. 296 on θεοῦ βία; p. 308 on judicial delays in payment; p. 341 on *pecunia traiecitia*; p. 348 on *mutuum*; p. 368 on *arrha*; p. 373 on *locatio-conductio*; p. 380 on *procurator*; p. 382 on *mandatum*; p. 387 on *societas*;