

Taubenschlag, Rafał

"P. Clermont-Ganneau 3-5", A. Bataille,
"Journ. Jur. Pap.", VI : [recenzja]

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Artykuł został zdigitalizowany i opracowany do udostępnienia w internecie przez **Muzeum Historii Polski** w ramach prac podejmowanych na rzecz zapewnienia otwartego, powszechnego i trwałego dostępu do polskiego dorobku naukowego i kulturalnego. Artykuł jest umieszczony w kolekcji cyfrowej bazhum.muzhp.pl, gromadzącej zawartość polskich czasopism humanistycznych i społecznych.

Tekst jest udostępniony do wykorzystania w ramach dozwolonego użytku.

Orsolina Montevocchi, *Dai papiri inediti della raccolta Milanese* (Aegyptus XXXII, I, 33 ff.)

Miss Montevocchi publishes: No. 22 — a census declaration from 216/7 A. D. (ἀπογραφή) cf. my *Law* II, 38/9; No. 23 (III cent. A. D.) — a contract of an association of artists (see in particular (1. 3) παρὰ Ἀὐρ[ηλίου] Μέλανος ληστοπιαστο(ῦ) ἡγουμένου συνόδου κ(ώμη)ς Θρασώ; on ληστοπιασταὶ cf. my *Law* I, 348; on associations *ibidem* 64 ff.; No. 24 (I cent. A. D.) extracts containing fragments of several contracts.

Medea Norsa, *Papiro Vaticano greco* No. 2037 A (Aegyptus XXXII, I, 232 ff.).

The papyrus contains a register of remitted fees (μαγδωλοφυλακία, γερδιακόν) which concern an enterprise of weavers who realised the advantages of the transportation of goods from the Red Sea ports to the Λευκή κώμη to Berenice.

A. Bataille, *P. Clermont - Ganneau* 3—5 (Jour. Jur. Pap. VI, 185 — 184).

PAPYRI FROM THE ROMAN AND BYZANTINE PERIOD

H. Gerstinger, *Prodromus Corporis epistularum privatarum inter papyros Graecos Vindobonensis asservatarum edendi* (Aegyptus XXXII, fasc. 2, [1952], p. 363—364).

In this Prodromus are edited eight letters in which are found many juristic particulars. No. I (2nd century A. D.) is a letter of Sarapion to his son staying then in the country. The letter contains different commercial commissions (cf. my *Law* I, 297—298); in ll. 4—5 are mentioned the πράγματα τῆς ἐπικρίσεως; in line 14 is mentioned an ἀρραβών (cf. my *Law* I, 309). No. 2 (2nd century A. D.) — a letter of Sarapion to his son Eutychides contains commissions referring to the cultivation of the land in Psolis. No. 3 (4th century A. D.) is a letter which contains a report of a tax-collector to his superior official concerning the outstanding taxes of a κώμη apparently the taxes in cash. No. 4 (4th century A. D.) contains a notification of a future *defensor civitatis* to the praeses of the province (Herculia resp. Augustamnica) concerning a scuffle that took place between soldiers and civilians. No. 6 (6th century A. D.) is a letter of Faustinos to Jacob which con-