Taubenschlag, Rafał

"II fragmmento Leidense di Paolo. Problemi di diritto criminale romano", F. Serrao, "Pubblicazioni dell' Istituto di Diritto romano e dei diritti dell'Oriente mediterraneo", XXXIII, 1956 : [recenzja]

The Journal of Juristic Papyrology 11-12, 331

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Artykuł został zdigitalizowany i opracowany do udostępnienia w internecie przez Muzeum Historii Polski w ramach prac podejmowanych na rzecz zapewnienia otwartego, powszechnego i trwałego dostępu do polskiego dorobku naukowego i kulturalnego. Artykuł jest umieszczony w kolekcji cyfrowej bazhum.muzhp.pl, gromadzącej zawartość polskich czasopism humanistycznych i społecznych.

Tekst jest udostępniony do wykorzystania w ramach dozwolonego użytku.



maic law. The author points out that Ptolemaic law identified the state with the royalty and regarded crimes against the state as crimes against the sovereign (cf. my Law² 473). The Ptolemaic law did not know the notions: προδοσία and κατάλυσις τοῦ δήμου, so highly developed in the law of Athens.

F. Serrao, Il fragmmento Leidense di Paolo. Problemi di diritto criminale romano (Università di Roma, Pubblicazioni dell' Istituto di Diritto romano e dei diritti dell'Oriente mediterraneo XXXIII, 1956) 142 pp.

Besides the Apokrimata of Septimius Severus published by Westermann and by Schiller, and besides the 4th and 5th series of the Herculanum tablets published by Pugliese-Carratelli and Arangio-Ruiz, the Leiden fragments of Sententiae Pauli in the last two years have enriched the knowledge of Roman law.

The excellent monograph of Serrao, devoted to this fragment, consists of 6 paragraphs: § 1. treats of the prohibition of decreeing honours to the governors and their suite by the provincial legislative bodies; § 2. settles the prohibitions to the senators of receiving by themselves public offices and carrying on maritime business; § 3. manages the "accusatio ex lege Fabia" and the "actio de lege reptundarum"; § 4. examines the prohibition given to the provincial officers of taking office the same year when they came back from Rome; § 5. negotiates the execution of sentences pronounced in a process ex lege repetundarum; § 6. discusses the criminal prosecution and the actio against one guilty of retundae.

The author makes also use of the papyri (cf. index p. 142).

M. Th. Lenger, Le fragment de loi ptolémaïque P. Petrie III, 26 (Bodl. Ms. Gr. class. d. 27 [P]) (Studi in on. U. E. Paoli, 459-467).

The study contains a new edition of this papyrus with a commentary concerning all questions about the damage caused by cattle on the ground of another owner. The law established the responsibility of the cattle-owner under the reservation that the damage and interests ought to be fixed by the court.

E. J. Bickerman, Two Legal Interpretations of the Suptuagint (RIDA 3 sér. III [1956] 81—104).