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Tekst jest udostępniony do wykorzystania w ramach dozwolonego użytku.



In an annex the author assembles bilingual papyri: I concerning proceedings before courts: No. 1 = Ross. - Georg. V. 18(213 A.D.) cf. my Law² 520₅; No. 2 = Ryl. IV 653 (321 A.D.) cf. my Law² 61₂, 619₄₄; No. 3 = P. Thead 13 (322-323 A.D.); No. 4 = P. Bouriant 20 (after 350 A.D.) cf. Law² 178₅ and passim; No. 5 = P. Lips. 33 (368 A.D.) cf. Law² 31₁₀₇; No. 6 = P. Lips. 35 (375 A.D.) cf. my Law² 74₃₄; No. 7 = P. Lips. 38 (390 A.D.) cf. my Law² 507₉; No. 8 = P. Berl. Zill. 4 (IV cent. A.D.) cf. my Law² 504₄₃. No. 9 = P. Rvl. IV 654 (IV cent. A.D.) cf. my Law² 604₂₂; No. 10 = P. Lips. 40 (IV-V cent. A.D.) cf. my Law² 69₁₀; Nos. 11-14 = Oxv. 1876-1879 (434-483 A.D.) cf. my Law² 504₄₃; No. 15 = SB 5357 (V cent. A.D.) cf. my Law^2 504₄₄; No. 16 = Wessely, Schrifttafeln No. 26 (V cent. A.D.); No. No. 17 = PSI XIII 1309 (V-VI cent. A.D.) cf. my art. JJP 3 (1949) 176 ff.; No. 18 = Cair.-Masp. 329 (529-530 A.D.); No. 19 = Cair.-Masp. 131 (VI cent. A.D.) cf. my Law² 178₅; No. 20 = P. Mich. VIII 463 (VI cent. A.D.). II different subjects: Nos. 21-22 = P. Thead. 54-55 (299 A.D.) land apographé; No. 23 = P. Cair. Boak 12 (309 A.D.) land apographé; No. 24 = Ryl. IV 656 (300 A.D.) land apographé, cf. my Law² 611₂₂; No. 25 = P. Strasb. 42 (310 A.D.) census apographé; No. 26 = P. Fay. 38 (III-IV cent. A.D.); No. 27 = P. Gen. 62 (IV cent. A.D.) a letter; No. 28 = P. Leid. Z (425-450 A.D.) a request for help.

The edition ends with *addenda* p. 438 ff., *corrigenda* p. 440 and a bibliography p. 440. The latter is, as far as law is concerned, not complete.

J. Schwartz & others, Papyrus grecs de la Bibliothèque nationale et universitaire de Strasbourg (Bull. de la Fac. des Lettres de Strasbourg. 35 année, No. 4 [Janvier 1957] 193-204).

No. 238 (177 or 178 A.D.) is an act of emancipation of a slave (cf. my Law² 96 ff.) in Antinoë, in conformity with the law of this autonomous city (cf. my Law² 578). No. 239 (end of II cent. A.D.) is an administrative document concerning ἀναχώρησις. It contains instructions on the collection of taxes in connection with ἀναχώρησις (on ἀναχώρησις see now H. Henne, Akten d. VIII Intern. Papyrologen-Kongresses in Wien p. 59 ff., and on the publication of a list (γραφή) of absentees cf. my art. JJP V [1951] 155—160). No. 240 (147 A.D.) is a declaration of cattle (ἀπογραφή) (cf. my Law² 610). No. 241 (II cent. A.D.) is a complaint of a woman to the strategus ($\chi \eta \rho \alpha \tau \delta \pi \alpha \rho \delta \nu \mu \eta \xi \chi o \upsilon \sigma \alpha \chi \upsilon \rho \iota o \nu$, cf. on similar cases my Law² 171) concerning $\pi \lambda \eta \gamma \alpha i$ and disturbance of the right of $\epsilon \xi \sigma \delta \delta \sigma \alpha d \xi \delta \delta \sigma (cf. my Law² 259)$. No. 242 (1st half of the II cent. A.D.) is a fragment of a claim. No. 243 (371 A.D.) is a deed of surety. No. 244 (107—116 A.D.) is a lease of land (about the $\Pi \xi \rho \sigma \alpha \tau \eta \varsigma \xi \pi \eta \gamma \circ \eta \varsigma cf. my Law² 11 ff.$). No. 245 (216 A.D.) is an official notification of a strategus. The form applied here is to be found in BGU 7 Col. 1 (297 A.D.). It concerns the preparations for Caracalla's return to Egypt, which, however were of no use as Caracalla changed his mind.

No. 7 (Avril 1957) 359-371.

This Bull. contains the papyri from the Strasbourg collection Nos. 246—249 edited by J. Schwartz. No. 246 (380 A.D.) is a fragment of sale on delivery (cf. my Law^2 336). No. 247 (551 A.D.) is a lease of a house (v. 6 ff.) $\dot{\epsilon}\phi$ ' őσον βούλεσθε χρόνον, from the lessor. No. 248 (560 A.D.) is a lease of a hypothecated house given in *antichresis* by the debtor, to the creditor, from the latter (i.e. from the creditor by the debtor), see on this document Kupiszewski, *Labeo* 3 (1957) 3 p. 344 ff. No. 249 — are certificates of labour on the dykes. No. 250 — nine receipts concerning Bacchias, Soknopaiou Nesus and Philadelphia (cf. Wallace, *Taxation in Egypt* p. 268 ff. and 462 ff.; P. Princeton 51).

36 année, No. 4 (Janvier 1958) 239-248.

No. 251 (69—79 A.D.) is a sale of a female ass and her young ones (cf. my Law² 334); No. 252 (185 A.D.) is a locatio-conductio operis with payment in advance (cf. my Law² 379¹); No. 253 (III cent. A.D.) is a letter concerning different administrative affairs. In v. 4 an allusion to a translation from Latin is made. No. 254 (200 A.D.) contains in v. 1—3 a fragment of an imperial decision concerning the responsibility of an official or liturgy ($\delta\pi\varepsilon\delta\theta\nu\nu\sigma\varsigma$). The following v. 3—20 are probably a part of a record of administrative proceedings before a high official. No. 255 (397 or 403 A.D.) refer to a declaration under oath, directed in an administrative affair to a high official with the epithet $\lambda\alpha\mu\pi\rho\delta\tau\alpha\tau\sigma\varsigma$ (perhaps the praeses provinciae). No. 256 (132 A.D.) is a loan of money (cf. my Law^2 341); it is remarkable that the loan is given for 12 days.

J. Schwartz, Inscriptions et objets de l'époque romaine et byzantine trouvés à Tod (repr. from Bull. de l'Inst. Français d'Archéologie Orient. 50, 1951).

Inv. 2431 (p. 92) is a pillar from VII century A.D. concerning an anachorite and confirming the existence of a cloister at Tôd. Inv. 2438 is a fragment of a Latin dedication from the time of the reign of Marcus Aurelius. This dedication ought to be imputed to the soldiers.

PAPYRI FROM THE ROMAN PERIOD

E. Lobel, The Oxyrhynchus Papyri XXIII (Egypt Exploration Society 1956).

The new volume of the Oxyrhynchus papyri contains only literary texts (Hesiod, Alcaeus, Bacchylides, Sophocles, Callimachos etc.) edited, with great scholarship, by Lobel (No. 2354—2382, with 11 plates).

E. C. Baade, Two Yale Papyri Dealing with the Roman Army in Egypt (Akten des VIII. intern. Kongresses f. Papyrologie. Mitteil. aus der Papyrussammlung der österreichischen Nationalbibliothek [P.E.R.] V. Folge, Wien 1956, 23-27).

From the two papyri published by Baadeis the first, P. Yale Inv. 501 (6-5 B.C.) in a loan, the primary interest of which lies in the person of the lender Gaius Julius Carus, the earliest veteran to appear in Egypt; the second, P. Yale Inv. 555 (middle II cent. A.D.) is a Greek letter with a Latin subscription. In this letter the exegetes is concerned in the ownership of "certain crops", presumably newly harvested grain. Much interest is attached to the part of the Roman centurion Domitius Iulianus. It is clear that the centurion was engaged in making a διάχρισις and he demands the evidence as to the ownership of the $\varkappa \alpha \rho \pi o \ell$. The last lines allude to $\lambda \varepsilon \ell \alpha$, that means to a delict of which the agents of the *exegetes* accuse the correspondent (cf. my Law² 454 ff.).